

令和3年度 秋田県立衛生看護学院 看護科一般入学試験問題

コミュニケーション英語 I・II

解答は解答用紙に記入すること。

問1 以下の英文を読み、その内容に沿って英文内に使用されている数字または英単語を適する形を用いて次の各問に答えなさい。() 内には一語を使用すること。

Often, one form of art will be popular among artists for a number of years, and then another form will come into fashion. One form of art attempts to show people, animals, and objects exactly as they act or appear in life. This type of art is called realism. Realism appears in art at many points in history, but it was in the middle of the 19th century that it was really most popular. It replaced a form of art in which artists used their imagination, producing beautiful works that did not show realistic life.

Realism is concerned with what people can see with their senses, rather than what they can imagine in their minds. Using realism, a painter will try to paint an object or scene so that it looks almost like a photograph. The painter will show the subject as close to real life as possible. For example, painting might show poor people working in a field. Realism writers will describe real people and events as they might happen every day, instead of how the writer dreams or imagines they might happen.

Realism started to become popular with artists around 1850. One group of realism painters in France became well-known for painting nature and country life. At the same time, a group of realism painters in England also painted nature, but this group also tried to show the bad social conditions of that time. Artists in this English group wanted their paintings to teach the hard lives of people in their country. Writers at this time, in both England and the United States, also tried to teach people about social conditions. One book, called *The Jungle*, showed readers how badly workers in a United States meat factory were treated.

Like other forms of art, realism began to fall out of fashion. By the early part of the twentieth century, it was no longer popular for artists to paint and write about real people and objects. However, realism has not disappeared. It still exists today.

注: replace 置き換える subject 題材

1 Question: Before realism became really popular in the middle of the 19th century, how did artists create their artworks?

Answer: They produced artworks based on their (①).

2 Question : What do realism painters have as a goal?

Answer : They try to describe an object or scene as close to real life as possible to make it like a (②).

3 Question : What did writers in the United States want to tell their readers through a book *The Jungle*?

Answer : They wanted to tell their readers how (③) working conditions in a United States meat factory were.

4 Question : What happened to realism in the early part of the twentieth century?

Answer : The number of artists who were interested in painting (④) people and (⑤) decreased.

問2 以下の文を与えられた単語を用いて、一文で英語に訳しなさい。

- 1 あなたを見つけるのに約10年かかりました。
- 2 私の同僚は自分が好きではない人たちと仕事をするのが得意ではない。
(business と colleague を用いて)
- 3 この表現はあまりにも古すぎるので、もう誰にも使われない。(no longer を用いて)

問3 以下の英文を読んで、その内容に沿って次の各問に日本語で答えなさい。解答は主語と述語を備えた文の形で書きなさい。

What person from history has the greatest effect on our lives today? Recently, a group of many different experts decided it was a man named Johann Gutenberg. Gutenberg is famous for inventing a better way of printing.

For hundreds of years, people used blocks of wood to print. They used a knife to cut words in the block of wood. They made the words backward. Then they covered the block with ink and pressed it onto paper. When they pulled the paper from the inky blocks, the words appeared on the paper in the right direction. In Korea and China, people printed with metal stamps instead of wood. Either way, printing was difficult and very slow. People usually wrote books by hand, so it took several years to make one copy of a book.

Books were very expensive and rare. Only rich people could buy them, and only rich people could read. As more people learned to read, books became more popular. People around the world wanted to find a quicker, better, and less expensive way to print books. One of these people was Johann Gutenberg.

Gutenberg was born in Mainz, Germany, around 1400. We do not know the exact year. He was an intelligent man, and he was good at working with metal. Gutenberg probably had no idea how people printed in China. His idea was to make a metal stamp for each letter of the alphabet and use the letters over and over. He could put the stamps together to make words and arrange

the words to make pages. With ink on the stamps, he could press paper on them to make a page. A “printing press machine” could make hundreds of copies of a single page quickly. After that page, he could rearrange the same letters to make other words and print other pages.

It took Gutenberg many years to make the stamps for each letter of the alphabet. When he finished the stamps, he didn’t have enough money to make the printing press. He borrowed money from a man named Johann Fust. They became business partners. After many years, Gutenberg’s printing press was ready. Gutenberg printed his first book, the Bible, around 1455.

Johann Fust was a good businessman. He understood the importance of Gutenberg’s invention. He loaned a great amount of money to Gutenberg. However, Gutenberg was unable to repay the debt. This led Fust to take Gutenberg to court. As a result, Gutenberg lost all rights of his printing press. Then, Fust took the printing press and started his own business. He printed and sold more Bibles and kept all the money. Gutenberg was sad and broke. He died in 1468, a poor man.

Today people remember Johann Gutenberg. The city of Mainz has a statue of him and a museum. His original printing press is in the museum. They print several pages a day to show that it is still in good condition. There are only forty-eight copies of the original Bible, so it is one of the most expensive books in the world. In 1987, a Gutenberg Bible sold in New York for about five million dollars.

注：	printing	印刷	metal	金属	letter	文字
	Bible	聖書	court	裁判所		

- 1 ヨハン・グーテンベルグは、なぜ有名なのですか？
- 2 グーテンベルグが “printing press machine” を開発したことで何が変わりましたか？
- 3 なぜグーテンベルグとフストは裁判で争いましたか？
- 4 グーテンベルグ聖書はなぜ高価なのですか？

問4 あなたが欲しいと思う未来の発明品を一つ説明してください。70 語から 100 語程度の長さで英語で書きなさい。

次の観点から採点を行います。

- (1) 語数制限（最低語数）を満たしているかどうか。
- (2) 質問に対する答えになっているかどうか。
- (3) 内容を説明するための適切な具体例が使われているかどうか。
- (4) 自分の言葉で表現しているかどうか（長文の内容をコピーしていないかどうか）。
- (5) 正確な文法と適切な語彙が使われているかどうか。

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コミュニケーション英語 I・II 解答用紙

受験番号	
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問1

1 ① _____

2 ② _____

3 ③ _____

4 ④ _____ ⑤ _____

問2

1 _____

2 _____

3 _____

問3

1 _____

受験番号	
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2 _____

3 _____

4 _____

問4

